## Solving Quadratic Equations Review ws

Write the equation in standard form. Identify $a, b$, and $c$ and then find the discriminant. Determine if the equation has one real, two real or no real solutions.

1. $2 \mathrm{x}^{2}-4 \mathrm{x}+2=0$
2. $-5 x^{2}+7 x-13=2$
3. $4 x^{2}-8=6 x^{2}-3 x$
4. $-2 x=x^{2}+3 x-7$

Use the quadratic formula to solve the equation. Answers should be in exact form (no decimals).
5. $x^{2}+4 x=2$
6. $2 x^{2}-8 x=1$
7. $4 x^{2}+2 x=-2 x-1$

8-19. Solve each quadratic equation using any method you choose.
8. $2(x-6)^{2}=32$
9. $3 x^{2}+2 x=0$
10. $x^{2}+12=13$
11. $\mathrm{x}^{2}-4 \mathrm{x}+3=0$
12. $3 x^{2}+2 x=x^{2}+x+1$
13. $5 x^{2}-9 x=-3$
14. $x^{2}-24=0$
15. $-4 t^{2}+16 t=0$
16. $-x^{2}+3 x+4=-2$
17. $4(x-5)^{2}-2=62$
18.

19.

20. A contestant tosses a horseshoe from one pit to another with an initial vertical velocity of 50 feet per second. The horseshoe is released 3 feet above the ground. Use the model $h=-16 t^{2}+50 t+3$ where $h$ is the height (in feet) and $t$ is the time (in seconds) to tell how long the horseshoe was in the air. Round to the nearest hundredth (sketch a graph to help visualize if necessary!).
21. For the following problem $2 x^{2}-10 x+8=0$
a) Solve the equation by factoring:
b) The quadratic formula:
c) Explain what you notice:

