

Vertex Form Worksheet B

corrected 8 circled
+ 2 if complete (10 total)

Name: _____ key Hr. _____

Axis of symmetry: $h = x = \frac{-b}{2a}$, $k = f(h)$

Vertex: (h, k)

Vertex form: $y = a(x - h)^2 + k$

Use the formula $\left(-\frac{b}{2a}, \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\right)$ to find the vertex and then write the equation in vertex form.

1. $y = x^2 - 6x + 1$

2. $y = -4x^2 + 16x - 11$

3. $y = x^2 - 8x + 18$

$y = (x - 3)^2 - 8$
V: (3, -8)

$y = -4(x - 2)^2 + 5$
V: (2, 5)

$h = \frac{-b}{2a} = 4$ $k = (4)^2 - 8(4) + 18$
 $K = 2$

4. $f(x) = -x^2 + 2x + 5$

$h = \frac{-2}{2(-1)} = 1$ $k = -(1)^2 + 2(1) + 5 = 6$ $h = \frac{1}{2(2)} = \frac{1}{4}$

$y = -(x - 1)^2 + 6$ V: (1, 6)

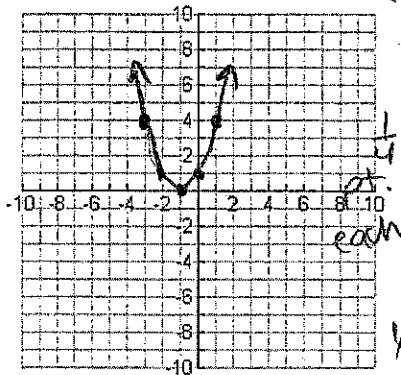
5. $y = 2x^2 - x + 1$
or $y = 2(x - \frac{1}{4})^2 + \frac{7}{8}$, V: ($\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{7}{8}$)

6. $f(x) = x^2 - 8x + 16$
 $h = \frac{8}{2(1)} = 4$ $k = (4)^2 - 8(4) + 16$
 $K = 0$

$y = (x - 4)^2$, V: (4, 0)

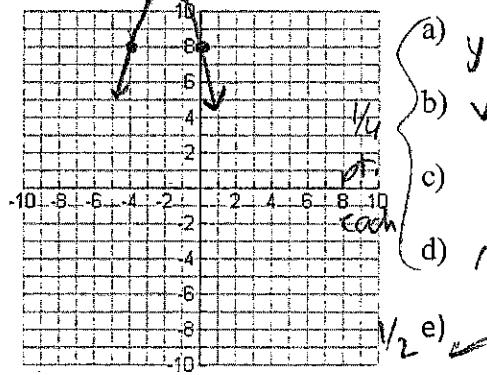
Find the following given the equations: (a) write the equation in vertex form, (b) identify the vertex, (c) identify the axis of symmetry, (d) state if the vertex is a max or a min, and (e) sketch a graph.

7. $f(x) = x^2 + 2x + 1$ $h = \frac{-2}{2(1)} = -1$
 $k = (-1)^2 + 2(-1) + 1 = 0$



- a) $y = (x + 1)^2$
b) (-1, 0)
c) $x = -1$
d) min
e) ✓

8. $f(x) = -x^2 - 4x + 8$ $h = \frac{4}{2(-1)} = -2$
 $k = -(-2)^2 - 4(-2) + 8 = 12$



- a) $y = -(x + 2)^2 + 12$
b) V: (-2, 12)
c) $x = -2$
d) max
e) ✓

State if the equation is in vertex form or standard form or both. Then find the vertex for the equations below.

9. $y = (x - 6)^2 + 3$
vertex form
V: (6, 3)

10. $y = x^2 - 25$

both
V: (0, -25)

11. $y = -2x^2 + 20x - 35$

standard

$h = \frac{-20}{2(-2)} = 5$ $K = -2(5)^2 + 20(5) - 35$
 $K = 15$

V: (5, 15)

14. $f(x) = -3(x + 2)^2 - 17$

vertex
(-2, -17)

12. $y = 5x^2 - 6$
both

V: (0, -6)

13. $y = 4x^2 + 24x$

Standard
 $h = \frac{-24}{2(4)} = -3$

$K = 4(-3)^2 + 24(-3) = -36$

V: (-3, -36)