

### Exponential Equations

Find another coordinate pair that fits the geometric sequence. Write the explicit and the recursive formula.

1)

$a_1 = 2$   
 $r = 2$

1	2
2	4
3	8
4	16
5	32

R:  $a_1 = 2, a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot (2)$

E:  $a_n = 2 \cdot 2^{n-1}$

2)

$a_1 = 1$   
 $r = 3$

1	1
2	3
3	9
4	27
5	81

E:  $a_n = 1 \cdot 3^{n-1}$

3)

$a_1 = -5$   
 $r = 5$

1	-5
2	-25
3	-125
4	-625
5	-3125

R:  $a_1 = -5, a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot (5)$

E:  $a_n = -5 \cdot 5^{n-1}$

4)

$a_1 = 2$   
 $r = 3$

1	2
2	6
3	18
4	54
5	162

R:  $a_1 = 2, a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot (3)$

E:  $a_n = 2 \cdot 3^{n-1}$

5)

$a_1 = 16$   
 $r = \frac{1}{2}$

1	16
2	8
3	4
4	2
5	1

R:  $a_1 = 16, a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot (\frac{1}{2})$

E:  $a_n = 16 \cdot (\frac{1}{2})^{n-1}$

6)

$a_1 = -36$   
 $r = \frac{1}{6}$

1	-36
2	-6
3	-1
4	-1/6
5	-1/36

R:  $a_1 = -36, a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot (\frac{1}{6})$

E:  $a_n = -36 \cdot (\frac{1}{6})^{n-1}$

7)

$a_1 = -2$   
 $r = 2$

1	-2
2	-4
3	-8
4	-16
5	-32
6	-64

R:  $a_1 = -2, a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot (2)$

E:  $a_n = -2 \cdot 2^{n-1}$

8)

$a_1 = 48$   
 $r = \frac{1}{2}$

1	48
2	24
3	12
4	6
5	3
6	$\frac{3}{2}$

R:  $a_1 = 48, a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot (\frac{1}{2})$

E:  $a_n = 48 \cdot (\frac{1}{2})^{n-1}$

9)

$a_1 = \frac{5}{3}$   
 $r = 3$

1	$\frac{5}{3}$
2	5
3	15
4	45
5	135
6	405

R:  $a_1 = \frac{5}{3}, a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot (3)$

E:  $a_n = \frac{5}{3} \cdot 3^{n-1}$

10)

$a_1 = 1$   
 $r = 4$

1	1
2	4
4	64
6	1024
8	16,384
10	262,144

R:  $a_1 = 1, a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot (4)$

E:  $a_n = 1 \cdot 4^{n-1}$

11)

$a_1 = 19,683$   
 $r = \frac{1}{3}$

1	19,683
2	6561
4	729
6	81
8	9
10	1

R:  $a_1 = 19,683, a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot (\frac{1}{3})$

E:  $a_n = 19,683 \cdot (\frac{1}{3})^{n-1}$

12)

$a_1 = -2$   
 $r = 4$

1	-2
2	-8
4	-128
6	-2048
8	-32,768
10	-524,288

R:  $a_1 = -2, a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot (4)$

E:  $a_n = -2 \cdot 4^{n-1}$

- 13) Paper Tearing: Begin with 1 piece of paper at stage 1. For stage 2, tear it in 2 pieces. For each succeeding stage tear each piece of paper into two. Keep track of the total pieces of paper.

Sequence Rule:	10 <sup>th</sup> number	Stage (x)	total pieces (y)
$a_n = 1 \cdot 2^{x-1}$ doubles	$2 =$	1	1
or		2	2
$y = 2^{x-1}$		3	4
		4	8
		5	16

Describe the pattern doubles each tear equation:  $f(x) = 1 \cdot 2^x$

Describe what the graph would look like starts at (1,1) and for each x-increase, y doubles

- 14) Gossip: One student tells three other students a secret. These three students each tell three more students. Keep track of the total people who know the secret.

Sequence Rule:	10 <sup>th</sup> number	stage (x)	total (y)
$x 4, y = 1 \cdot 4^{x-1}$	$1 \cdot 4^9 = 262,144$	1	1 + 3 new
		2	4 + 12 new
		3	16 + 48 new
1 4 16 64 256		4	64
		5	

Describe the pattern times by 4

$$y = 1 \cdot 4^{x-1}$$

### Exponential Equations

Find another coordinate pair that fits the geometric sequence. Write the explicit and the recursive formula.

1)

1	2
2	4
3	8
4	16
5	32

$$a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 2 \quad a_1 = 2$$

$$f(x) = 2 \cdot 2^{x-1}$$

$$a_n = 2 \cdot 2^{n-1}$$

2)

1	1
2	3
3	9
4	27
5	81

$$a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 3 \quad a_1 = 1$$

$$f(x) = 3^{x-1}$$

$$a_n = 1 \cdot 3^{n-1}$$

3)

1	-5
2	-25
3	-125
4	-625
5	-3125

$$a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 5 \quad a_1 = -5$$

$$f(x) = -5 \cdot 5^{x-1}$$

$$a_n = -5 \cdot 5^{n-1}$$

4)

1	2
2	6
3	18
4	54
5	162

$$a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 3 \quad a_1 = 2$$

$$f(x) = 2 \cdot 3^{x-1}$$

$$a_n = 2 \cdot 3^{n-1}$$

5)

1	16
2	8
3	4
4	2
5	1

$$a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \quad a_1 = 16$$

$$f(x) = 16 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{x-1}$$

$$a_n = 16 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1}$$

6)

1	-36
2	-6
3	-1
4	-1/6
5	-1/36

$$a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \quad a_1 = -36$$

$$f(x) = -36 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^{x-1}$$

$$a_n = -36 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^{n-1}$$

7)

2	-4
3	-8
4	-16
5	-32
6	-64

$$a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 2 \quad a_2 = -4$$

$$f(x) = -4 \cdot 2^{x-2}$$

$$a_n = -2 \cdot 2^{n-1}$$

8)

2	24
3	12
4	6
5	3
6	3/2

$$a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \quad a_2 = 24$$

$$f(x) = 24 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{x-2}$$

$$a_n = 48 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1}$$

9)

2	5
3	15
4	45
5	135
6	405

$$a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 3 \quad a_2 = 5$$

$$f(x) = 5 \cdot 3^{x-2}$$

$$a_n = 5 \cdot 3^{n-1}$$

10)

2	4
4	64
6	1024
8	16,384
10	262,144

$$a_n = a_{n-2} \cdot 16 \quad a_2 = 4$$

$$f(x) = 4 \cdot 4^{x-2}$$

$$a_n = 1 \cdot 4^{n-1}$$

11)

2	6561
4	729
6	81
8	9
10	1

$$a_n = a_{n-2} \cdot \frac{1}{9} \quad a_2 = 6561$$

$$f(x) = 6561 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{x-2}$$

$$a_n = 19683 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n-1}$$

12)

2	-8
4	-128
6	-2048
8	-32,768
10	-524,288

$$a_n = a_{n-2} \cdot 16 \quad a_2 = -8$$

$$f(x) = -8 \cdot 4^{x-2}$$

$$a_n = (-2) \cdot 4^{n-1}$$

- 13) Paper Tearing: Begin with 1 piece of paper at stage 1. For stage 2, tear it in 2 pieces. For each succeeding stage tear each piece of paper into two. Keep track of the total pieces of paper.

Sequence Rule:	10 <sup>th</sup> number	Stage (x)	total pieces (y)
$a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 2$ $a_1 = 1$	<u>512</u>	1	1
		2	2
		3	4
		4	8
		5	16
		6	32

Describe the pattern Double each time equation:  $f(x) = 2^{x-1}$  or  $\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2^x$

Describe what the graph would look like exponential

- 14) Gossip: One student tells three other students a secret. These three students each tell three more students. Keep track of the total people who know the secret.

Sequence Rule:	10 <sup>th</sup> number	stage (x)	total (y)
$a_n = a_{n-1} \cdot 3 + 1$ $a_1 = 1$	<u>29,524</u>	1	1
		2	4
		3	13
		4	40
		5	121
		6	364

1093 3280 9841 29524

Describe the pattern triple plus 1