

Bell Ringer

Thursday 9/5

1. Change to radical form.

$$(5x)^{\frac{3}{4}} \quad \sqrt[4]{(5x)^3}$$

2. Change to rational exponent form.

$$\sqrt[7]{(3x)^4} \quad (3x)^{\frac{4}{7}}$$

Simplify each expression. There should not be any negative exponents.

$$3. (3x^2)^4 = 3^4 x^8$$

$$= \boxed{81x^8}$$

$$3x^2 \cdot 3x^2 \cdot 3x^2 \cdot 3x^2$$

$$3xx \cdot 3xx \cdot 3xx \cdot 3xx$$

$$4. \frac{2y^{-2}x^0}{1y^3} = \frac{2 \cdot 1}{y^3 \cdot y^2} = \boxed{\frac{2}{y^5}}$$

$$yy \quad yy$$

$$2y^{-5}$$

Quick Review: Adding Fractions...

$$\left(\frac{4}{4}\right) \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{4}{8} + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$\left(\frac{2}{2}\right) \frac{1}{3} + \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{2}{6} + \frac{5}{6} = \frac{7}{6}$$

$\frac{1}{2}$

Quick Review: Multiply with fractions...

$$\frac{4}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{18} = \frac{2}{9}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{4}{1} = \frac{8}{3}$$

Remember these?!

$$7^4 \bullet 7^5 = 7^9$$

$$(7b)^2 = 7^2 b^2 = 49b^2$$

$$7(k^{-3})^5 = \boxed{k^{-15}} = \frac{1}{k^{15}}$$

$$\frac{y^6}{y^8} = y^{-2} = \frac{1}{y^2}$$

$$\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)^4 = \frac{x^4}{3^4} = \frac{x^4}{81}$$

$$(2xy)^0 = 1$$

$$2^0 x^0 y^0$$

PRODUCT OF POWERS

$$x^{p/q} \cdot x^{r/s} = x^{\frac{p}{q} + \frac{r}{s}} = a^m \cdot a^n = a^{\underline{m+n}}$$

Example: $2n^{2/3} \cdot 3n^{3/4}$

$$2 \cdot n^{2/3} \cdot 3 \cdot n^{3/4}$$

$$2 \cdot 3 \cdot n^{2/3} \cdot n^{3/4} \quad n^{2/3 + 3/4}$$

$$\boxed{6n^{17/12}}$$

QUOTIENT OF POWERS

$$\frac{x^p}{x^q} = \frac{x^p}{x^q}$$

Example: $\frac{a^{\frac{2}{3}}}{a^{\frac{5}{3}}} = 1 \cdot a^{\frac{2}{3} - \frac{5}{3}} = 1 \cdot a^{-\frac{3}{3}} = 1 \cdot a^{-1} = \frac{1}{a^1}$

POWER OF A POWER

$$\left(x^{\frac{p}{q}}\right)^{\frac{r}{s}} =$$

Example: $\left(r^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$$\begin{aligned}\left(r^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} &= r^{\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2}} = r^{\frac{2}{6}} \\ &= r^{\frac{1}{3}}\end{aligned}$$

POWER OF A PRODUCT

$$(xy)^{\frac{p}{q}} =$$

$$\left(b^{\frac{5}{2}} \cdot 9t^{\frac{3}{4}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$
$$\underline{b}^{\frac{5}{4}} \cdot \underline{9}^{\frac{1}{2}} \underline{t}^{\frac{3}{8}}$$

Example: $\left(b^{\frac{5}{2}} \cdot 9t^{\frac{3}{4}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

POWER OF A QUOTIENT

$$\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^{\frac{p}{q}} =$$

$$\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 = \frac{a^2}{b^2}$$

Example:

$$\left(\frac{m}{n^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{m^{\frac{1}{2}}}{n^1}$$

$$\left(\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{y^{\frac{1}{2}}}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{x^{\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{4}}}{y^{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{4}}} = \frac{x^{\frac{1}{2}}}{y^{\frac{3}{8}}}$$

ZERO EXPONENT RULE

$$\left(x^{\frac{p}{q}}\right)^0 = 1$$

Example:

$$\left(4xy^{\frac{2}{3}}z^{\frac{-1}{5}}\right)^0 = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{3xy}{9x^2a}\right)^0 = 1$$

NEGATIVE EXPONENT RULE

$$x^{-p/q} = \frac{1}{x^{p/q}} \text{ or } \frac{1}{x^{-p/q}} = x^{p/q}$$

Example: $x y^{-\frac{3}{4}}$

$$\frac{x}{y^{\frac{3}{4}}}$$

Example:

$$\frac{z}{4z^{-\frac{2}{3}}} = \frac{z^{\frac{3}{3}} \cdot z^{\frac{2}{3}}}{4} = \frac{z^{\frac{5}{3}}}{4}$$

LET'S PRACTICE

$$\left(x^{\frac{3}{4}} \cdot y^{\frac{2}{5}}\right) \left(x^{\frac{5}{8}} \cdot y^{\frac{7}{10}}\right)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \underline{x}^{\frac{3}{4}} \cdot \underline{x}^{\frac{5}{8}} \cdot y^{\frac{2}{5}} \cdot y^{\frac{7}{10}} \\ x^{\frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{8}} \cdot y^{\frac{2}{5} + \frac{7}{10}} \\ x^{\frac{6}{8} + \frac{5}{8}} \cdot y^{\frac{4}{10} + \frac{7}{10}} \\ x^{\frac{11}{8}} \cdot y^{\frac{11}{10}} \end{array}$$

| LET'S PRACTICE

$$\frac{a^{\frac{2}{3}}}{a^{\frac{5}{3}}}$$

LET'S PRACTICE

$$\left(sr^{-\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{4}{5}} = s^{\frac{4}{5}} \boxed{r^{-\frac{8}{15}}} = \frac{s^{\frac{4}{5}}}{r^{\frac{8}{15}}}$$

LET'S PRACTICE

$$\left(\frac{4m^1}{n^{-\frac{1}{2}}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\left(\frac{4}{n^{-\frac{1}{2}}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\left(4n^{\frac{1}{2}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} 2n^{\frac{1}{4}}$$

$$\boxed{4^{\frac{1}{2}} n^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

$$\sqrt{4}$$

Rational Exponents & Radicals

Name: _____ Hr: _____

Simplify the expressions and write your answers with POSITIVE rational exponents.

1. $5^{1/2} \cdot 5^{1/4}$

2. $\frac{1}{k^{-3}}$

3. $\left(4^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^6$

4. $\frac{7}{7^3}$

5. z^0

6. $2x^3y^3z^2 \cdot -5x^{-2}y^4z^2$

7. $9a^{5/7} \cdot a^{1/7}$

8. $\left(3a^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}}b^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)$

9. $\left(5a^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^2$

10. $\left(16a^{2/3}b^8\right)^{3/4}$

11. $\left(32x^5y^{10}z\right)^{\frac{7}{5}}$

12. $\left(\frac{8x}{y}\right)^{5/3}$

13. $\frac{a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^{\frac{3}{2}}c^{\frac{7}{6}}}{a^5c}$

14. $\frac{6a^{\frac{3}{4}}b^{\frac{3}{4}}}{8a^{\frac{7}{4}}b^{\frac{1}{6}}}$

15. $-2a^{-3}$

Write each expression in radical form.

16. $(38y)^{\frac{3}{4}}$

17. $8xy^{\frac{1}{2}}$

Write each expression in exponential form.

18. $\sqrt{4b^3}$

19. $\sqrt[3]{(15p)^2}$

20. $(45y)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

21. $27x^{\frac{2}{3}}$

22. $\sqrt[4]{(6z)^5}$

23. $\sqrt[3]{32p^2}$

24. True or False.

a. $16^{1/4} = 4^{1/2}$	b. $(\sqrt{2})^3 = 2\sqrt{2}$
c. $4^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{2}$	d. $\sqrt[3]{9} = 3$
e. $5^2 \cdot 5^2 = 25^4$	f. $\sqrt{-25} = -5$
g. $\sqrt[6]{16} = \sqrt[3]{4}$	h. $\frac{9}{4} = \frac{3}{2}$
i. $\sqrt{4} = \sqrt{2}$	j. $\sqrt{283} = 17$
k. $\sqrt[3]{-27} = -3$	l. $\sqrt[4]{-81} = \text{not a real number}$
m. $\sqrt[4]{x^3} \cdot x^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot \sqrt{x} = x^{\frac{11}{4}}$	n. $\sqrt[3]{y^4} \cdot y^{\frac{2}{3}} = y^2$

