

## Bell Ringer

Tuesday 10/2

Factor each.

1.  $b^2 - 12b + 36$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{36} \\
 \text{-6} \quad \text{-6} \\
 \text{-6} \quad \text{-6} \\
 \text{-12}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 (b-6)(b-6) \\
 (b-6)^2
 \end{array}$$

2.  $16v^2 - 81$

$$16v^2 + 0v - 81$$

$$(4v+9)(4v-9)$$

3.  $18z^2 - 2$

$$2(9z^2 - 1)$$

$$= 2(3z+1)(3z-1)$$

4.  $4c^2 + 28c + 49$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 2c \quad 2(2c+7) \quad 7 \\
 (4c^2+14c)(14c+49) \\
 2c(2c+7) + 7(2c+7) \\
 (2c+7)(2c+7) = (2c+7)^2
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 196 \\
 14 \\
 28
 \end{array}$$

correct pink ws 3.7B

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Hour: \_\_\_\_\_

Sec. 3.7B: Solving Quadratics Review

Solve using the method of your choice. Show all of your work.

1.  $5x^2 - 2x - 3 = 0$   ~~$-5 \times 3$~~   
 ~~$-2$~~

$(5x^2 - 5x)(-3x - 3) = 0$

$5x(x-1) + 3(x-1) = 0$

$(x-1)(5x+3) = 0$   $x = 1, -\frac{3}{5}$

$x-1=0$   $5x+3=0$

3.  $3x^2 - 9x - 54 = 0$

$\frac{5x}{5} = -\frac{3}{5}$

2.  $x^2 + 5x + 5 = 0$

4.  $x^2 - x = 12$

5.  $x^2 + 12x + 36 = 5$   ~~$a=1, b=12, c=31$~~   
 ~~$-6-6$~~

$|x^2 + 12x + 36| = 0$

$x = \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{12^2 - 4(1)(36)}}{2(1)}$

$x = \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{20}}{2} = -6 \pm \sqrt{5}$

7.  $x^2 + 15x + 24 = -32$

8.  $x^2 + 7x + 11 = 0$

9.  $12x^2 = -4x$

10.  $(2x+1)(x-3) = 0$

11.  $(x+5)^2 - 12 = 0$

12.  $x^2 + 3x = 14$

13.  $x^2 - 8x = -16$

14.  $4x^2 + 8 = -3x$

15.  $6(x-4)^2 + 8 = 20$

16.  $6x^2 - 54 = 0$

17.  $3x^2 + 7x - 24 = -13x$

18.  $7x^2 - 10 = 25$

19.  $25x^2 = 121$

20.  $2x^2 + 7x - 4 = 0$

Name: Kew

Hour: \_\_\_\_\_

Sec. 3.7B: Solving Quadratics Review

Solve using the method of your choice. Show all of your work.

1.  $5x^2 - 2x - 3 = 0$   $a=5, b=-2, c=-3$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{-(-2) \pm \sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4(5)(-3)}}{2(5)}$$

$$= \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 + 60}}{10} = \frac{2 \pm 8}{10} = \frac{2+8}{10}, \frac{2-8}{10}$$

$$\frac{10}{10} = 1, \frac{-6}{10} = -\frac{3}{5}$$

$x = 1, -\frac{3}{5}$

2.  $x^2 + 5x + 5 = 0$   $a=1, b=5, c=5$

$$x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{5^2 - 4(1)(5)}}{2(1)}$$

~~$x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{45}}{2}$~~   $\leftarrow$  no options

$\sqrt{45}$   
 $\wedge$   
 $\times 5$   
 $\wedge$   
 $3 \cdot 3$

$x = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}$

3.  $3x^2 - 9x - 54 = 0$

$$x^2 - 3x - 18 = 0$$

$$(x-6)(x+3) = 0$$

$$x-6=0, x+3=0$$

$x = 6, -3$

4.  $x^2 - x = 12$

$$x^2 - x - 12 = 0$$

$$(x-4)(x+3) = 0$$

$$x-4=0, x+3=0$$

$x = 4, -3$

5.  $x^2 + 12x + 36 = 5$   $\sqrt{20} = 2\sqrt{5}$

$$x^2 + 12x + 31 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{12^2 - 4(1)(31)}}{2(1)}$$

$$= \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{20}}{2} = \frac{-12 \pm 2\sqrt{5}}{2} = -6 \pm \sqrt{5}$$

6.  $x^2 - 11x + 24 = 0$

$$(x-8)(x-3) = 0$$

$x = 3, 8$

7.  $x^2 + 15x + 24 = -32$

$$x^2 + 15x + 56 = 0$$

$$(x+7)(x+8) = 0$$

$x = -7, -8$

8.  $x^2 + 7x + 11 = 0$

$$x = \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{7^2 - 4(1)(11)}}{2(1)} = \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}$$

9.  $12x^2 = -4x$

$$12x^2 + 4x = 0$$

$$4x(3x+1) = 0$$

$$4x=0, 3x+1=0$$

$x = 0, x = -\frac{1}{3}$

10.  $(2x+1)(x-3) = 0$

$$2x+1=0, x-3=0$$

$x = -\frac{1}{2}, 3$

11.  $(x+5)^2 - 12 = 0$   $\sqrt{12} = 2\sqrt{3}$   
 $\sqrt{(x+5)^2 - 12} = 0$   
 $x+5 = \pm 2\sqrt{3}$   
 $x = -5 \pm 2\sqrt{3}$

12.  $x^2 + 3x = 14$   $\sqrt{65}$   
 $x^2 + 3x - 14 = 0$   
 $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{3^2 - 4(1)(-14)}}{2(1)}$   
 $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{65}}{2}$

13.  $x^2 - 8x = -16$   
 $x^2 - 8x + 16 = 0$   
 $(x-4)(x-4) = 0$   
 $x = 4$

14.  $4x^2 + 8 = -3x$   
 $4x^2 + 3x + 8 = 0$   
 $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{3^2 - 4(4)(8)}}{2(4)}$   
 $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{-119}}{8}$   
 No real solutions

15.  $6(x-4)^2 + 8 = 20$   
 $6(x-4)^2 = 12$   
 $\sqrt{6(x-4)^2} = \sqrt{12}$   
 $x-4 = \pm \sqrt{2}$   
 $x = 4 \pm \sqrt{2}$

16.  $6x^2 - 54 = 0$   
 $6(x^2 - 9) = 0$   
 $\frac{6}{6}(x+3)(x-3) = 0$   
 $(x+3)(x-3) = 0$   
 $x = 3, -3$

17.  $3x^2 + 7x - 24 = -13x$   
 $3x^2 + 20x - 24 = 0$   
 $x = \frac{-20 \pm \sqrt{20^2 - 4(3)(-24)}}{2(3)}$   
 $= \frac{-20 \pm \sqrt{688}}{6} = \frac{-20 \pm 4\sqrt{43}}{6} = \frac{-10 \pm 2\sqrt{43}}{3}$

18.  $7x^2 - 10 = 25$   
 $7x^2 = 35$   
 $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{5}$   
 $x = \pm \sqrt{5}$

19.  $25x^2 = 121$   
 $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{\frac{121}{25}}$   
 $x = \pm \frac{11}{5}$

20.  $2x^2 + 7x - 4 = 0$   
 $(2x^2 - 1x)(x - 4) = 0$   
 $x(2x-1) + 4(2x-1) = 0$   
 $(x+4)(2x-1) = 0$   
 $x+4=0 \quad 2x-1=0$   
 $x = -4, \frac{1}{2}$

**QUIZ FRIDAY!!!**

$$1. \quad 3x^2 - 24x = 0$$

$$\underline{3x(x-8)} = 0$$

$$\underline{3x} = \underline{0} \quad x - \underline{8} = \underline{0} + \underline{8}$$

$$x = 0, 8$$

$$10x^2 = 8x$$

$$\underline{-8x} \quad \underline{-8x}$$

$$10x^2 - 8x = 0$$

$$\underline{2x(5x-4)} = 0$$

$$\underline{2x} = \underline{0} \quad \underline{5x-4} = \underline{0}$$

$$x = 0, \frac{4}{5}$$

$$4. \quad x^2 - x - 12 = 0$$

$$(x + 3)(x - 4) = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x + 3 = 0 \\ -3 \quad -3 \\ x = -3 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} x - 4 = 0 \\ +4 \quad +4 \\ x = 4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \cancel{-12} \\ +3 \quad \cancel{-4} \\ \hline \cancel{-1} \end{array}$$



$$7. \quad 2x^2 + 9x = 35$$

$$\quad \quad \quad -35 \quad -35$$

$$2x^2 + 9x - 35 = 0$$

$$(2x^2 + 14x)(-5x - 35) = 0$$

$$2x(x+7) - 5(x+7) = 0$$

$$(2x-5)(x+7) = 0$$

$$2x-5=0 \quad x+7=0$$

$$x = \frac{5}{2} \quad x = -7$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} -70 & \\ 14 & -5 \\ & 9 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot 10. \quad & \frac{\cancel{24}x^2}{\cancel{24}} = \frac{72}{\cancel{24}} \\ & \sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{3} \\ & x = \pm\sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$13. \quad x^2 - 8x = -5$$

$$x^2 - 8x + 5 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 1 \\ b &= -8 \\ c &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$x = \frac{-(-8) \pm \sqrt{(-8)^2 - 4(1)(5)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{44}}{2} = \frac{8 \pm 2\sqrt{11}}{2}$$

$$x = 4 \pm \sqrt{11}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{44} &= 2\sqrt{11} \\ 4 &= 11 \\ 2 &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

## due Friday

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Hour: \_\_\_\_\_

## QUIZ 3A REVIEW!!!!

Solve using the method of your choice. Show all of your work. ☺

1.  $3x^2 - 24x = 0$

2.  $10x^2 = 8x$

3.  $5x^2 = 35x$

4.  $x^2 - x - 12 = 0$

5.  $x^2 + 8x + 5 = 25$

6.  $6x - 9 = x^2$

7.  $2x^2 + 9x = 35$

8.  $3x^2 - 2x = 8$

9.  $8x^2 - 6x + 1 = 0$

10.  $24x^2 = 72$

11.  $2x^2 = 32$

12.  $3x^2 - 192 = 0$

13.  $x^2 - 8x = -5$

14.  $3x^2 - 2x - 6 = 0$

15.  $2x^2 + 3x = 6$

Name: key Hour: \_\_\_\_\_  
 QUIZ 3A REVIEW!!!!

Solve using the method of your choice. Show all of your work. ☺

1.  $3x^2 - 24x = 0$

$3x(x-8) = 0$   
 $\frac{3}{3}x = \frac{0}{3}$   $x - 8 = \frac{0}{+8}$   
 $x = 0$   $x = 8$

4.  $x^2 - x - 12 = 0$

$(x-4)(x+3) = 0$   
 $x-4 = 0$   $x+3 = 0$   
 $x = 4, -3$

~~14~~ ~~70~~ ~~9~~ 7.  $2x^2 + 9x = 35$

$2x^2 + 9x - 35 = 0$   
 $(2x^2 + 14x) - (5x - 35) = 0$   
 $2x(x+7) - 5(x+7) = 0$   
 $(2x-5)(x+7) = 0$   
 $2x-5 = 0$   $x+7 = 0$   
 $x = \frac{5}{2}, -7$

10.  $24x^2 = 72$

$\frac{24}{24}x^2 = \frac{72}{24}$   
 $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{3}$   
 $x = \pm\sqrt{3}$

13.  $x^2 - 8x = -5$   $a=1$   $b=-8$   $c=5$

$x^2 - 8x + 5 = 0$   
 $x = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{(-8)^2 - 4(1)(5)}}{2(1)}$   
 $x = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{44}}{2} = \frac{8 \pm 2\sqrt{11}}{2}$   
 $x = 4 \pm \sqrt{11}$

2.  $10x^2 = 8x$

$10x^2 - 8x = 0$   
 $2x(5x-4) = 0$   
 $2x = 0$   $5x-4 = 0$   
 $x = 0, \frac{4}{5}$

5.  $x^2 + 8x + 5 = 25$

$x^2 + 8x - 20 = 0$   
 $(x+10)(x-2) = 0$   
 $x+10 = 0$   $x-2 = 0$   
 $x = -10, 2$

~~6~~ ~~24~~ ~~4~~ 8.  $3x^2 - 2x = 8$

$3x^2 - 2x - 8 = 0$   
 $(3x^2 - 6x) + (4x - 8) = 0$   
 $3x(x-2) + 4(x-2) = 0$   
 $(x-2)(3x+4) = 0$   
 $x-2 = 0$   $3x+4 = 0$   
 $x = 2, -\frac{4}{3}$

11.  $2x^2 = 32$

$\frac{2}{2}x^2 = \frac{32}{2}$   
 $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{16}$   
 $x = \pm 4$

3.  $5x^2 = 35x$

$5x^2 - 35x = 0$   
 $5x(x-7) = 0$   
 $5x = 0$   $x-7 = 0$   
 $x = 0, 7$

6.  $6x - 9 = x^2 - 6x + 9$

$x^2 - 6x + 9 = 0$   
 $(x-3)(x-3) = 0$   
 $x-3 = 0$   
 $x = 3$

~~4~~ ~~8~~ ~~-2~~ 9.  $8x^2 - 6x + 1 = 0$

$(8x^2 - 4x) - (2x - 1) = 0$   
 $4x(2x-1) - 1(2x-1) = 0$   
 $(4x-1)(2x-1) = 0$   
 $4x-1 = 0$   $2x-1 = 0$   
 $x = \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}$

12.  $3x^2 - 192 = 0$

$+192$   $+192$   
 $3x^2 = 192$   
 $\frac{3}{3}x^2 = \frac{192}{3}$   
 $\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{64}$   
 $x = \pm 8$

14.  $3x^2 - 2x - 6 = 0$   $a=3$   $b=-2$   $c=-6$

$\sqrt{44} = 2\sqrt{11}$   
 $x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4(3)(-6)}}{2(3)}$   
 $x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{76}}{6}$   
 $x = \frac{2 \pm 2\sqrt{19}}{6} = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{19}}{3}$

15.  $2x^2 + 3x - 6 = 0$   $a=2$   $b=3$   $c=-6$

$\sqrt{76} = 2\sqrt{19}$   
 $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{3^2 - 4(2)(-6)}}{2(2)}$   
 $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{54}}{4}$   
 $x = \frac{-3 \pm 3\sqrt{6}}{4}$   
 $\sqrt{54} = 3\sqrt{6}$   
 $\frac{6}{2} \frac{9}{3} = 3$